Journalism 101: Media and Society
Fall 2017
How do the media dominate your life?


Chances are you recognize many of these names. And chances are you know some (or maybe many) details about the lives of these people. You may know more about them than you do some of your own friends or family. **You may not know these people personally, but you know them through the media.**

In our class, we’re going to talk about the power of the media and the media’s effects on our everyday lives and if (how?) the media influence our values and viewpoints.

Welcome to Journalism 101, a course about media, society, and culture. In this course, we’ll explore how the media shape our world and how we interact with media.

We use mass media every day for information and entertainment—we use mass media so much, it’s hard to imagine what even one day would be like without the stories, photographs, songs, advertisements, and news we get from books, television, mobile phones, radio, tablets, and the Internet. Because media are so much a part of our lives, we don’t often stop to really think about the images we see, the messages we hear, or the information we receive. That’s the purpose of this course—to help us think about media information and influences.

**What you’ll learn in J101**

In this course, you will:

- Think critically and analyze the media messages you see and hear;
- Consider how mass media shapes your personal views, ideas, and perspectives, as well as how media shape our culture;
- Understand the history of mass media to assess how the media landscape has changed and continues to evolve;
- Think about the relationship between media and audiences and learn how media work to meet the needs of diverse audiences;
- Understand better how the First Amendment affects the media messages we transmit and receive;
- Learn how technology affects access to knowledge and information around the globe;
- Think about the relationship between media and economics—how media are financed, who owns the media, and how ownership affects the information we get.
How you’ll learn in a large class

Look around. Gobs of students are in this class. Learning in a large class can be difficult—it is easy to feel lost and get distracted, and it can be intimidating to ask questions or voice your opinions. So, as the instructor, I will try to do several things to make this feel like a smaller class and to make you feel more comfortable and less anonymous.

- First, think of the classroom as a lab, where you'll interact, discuss, and learn. We will have lectures, but there will be plenty of time for you to talk and to ask questions. The best way for you to learn is to be involved. You're in charge of your learning.

- Talk to me. In class. Out of class. I will be happy to meet with you individually to discuss your ideas and concerns. You can stop by during office hours or make an appointment.

While my responsibility as a teacher is to create an environment where you can learn, you have some responsibilities as a student. You want to:

- Come to class. (I take attendance, so that’s a thing.)
- Listen and ask questions.
- Complete assignments on time and correctly.
- Inform me of any problems that interfere with your learning, including jail time and hospitalizations, when they happen.

What materials you’ll need

Top Hat app


There are several ways to obtain your textbook. You can purchase or rent the book from the KU bookstore. You can buy the book from Amazon or another independent bookseller. Additionally, you can buy or rent the book online from the publisher.

When you purchase the book online, buy the “updated 11th edition.” There are other editions from the past, which will work in general, but may be missing current information. You want to get the most current edition, if possible.

I will put a hard copy of the book on reserve in the Resource Center, 2nd Floor, Stauffer-Flint Hall. You can read it there, but you can’t check it out for dorm use.
How you’ll earn your grades

Most students are concerned about grades and how they can do well in their courses. In J101, your grades will be based on your performance on three exams, the completion of one blog entry, attendance and course pre and posttests.

The exams will cover the assigned readings for the course, as well as any guest speakers and discussions we have in class, so take notes carefully. **Your notes will be your study guide.** I don’t do review sessions, unless I think they’re vital.

Here are the exam dates:

Exam 1: Sept. 19  
Exam 2: Nov. 2  
Exam 3: Dec. 13    This is your final exam. It starts at 1:30 p.m. The university sets the time for this exam, so I can’t change it. You need to plan to be here. This exam is not cumulative—it will cover material from Nov. 7 through the end of the semester.

Everyone will take the exams, including the final exam, at the same time on the same day. **No make-up tests will be given**, so you need to make plans to be in class and on time. The only exceptions for these exam dates will be for students who are required to attend or participate in official university-sponsored events or students who are ill and have documentation. If you’re attending a school-sponsored event, you need to bring a note from the university **before** the exam.

If you are ill, you need to **let me know in advance** that you’ll miss the exam, and you need to bring a note from your doctor or Watkins Health Center.

Weddings, surprise plane tickets from parents, parties, job interviews, court appearances, jail time, job conflicts, tickets to sporting events or concerts, and early vacations/breaks are not valid reasons for missing tests or taking them early.

**Don’t even ask.**  
**Let me say that again. Don’t ask.**

**In addition to your exams, you’ll complete one blog entry**, and you’ll post it on the course Blackboard site. The blog should be your original work (no one else’s), and it should be original to this class. Don’t recycle an assignment from another class, last semester, or from high school. If you do, and I question it, you’ll receive a 0 for the assignment.
Here are the overall directions (choose one):

Choice #1: Media feast blog post. You will go outside your usual circle of reading and viewing material and use/watch/read three media you wouldn’t ordinarily seek out and write about your experiences.

Choice #2: The KU common book blog post. Because many of you, as first-year students, are reading “Citizen: An American Lyric” by Claudia Rankine, you will assess its contribution to the larger cultural dialogue – as books are part of what we examine in J101.

Plan to write five to six paragraphs about your chosen topic and post your blog entry on the course Blackboard site by 11 p.m. on Nov. 21. Detailed directions will be on the course Blackboard site. Read them. Follow them.

The most-common mistake on the blog entry is turning in the wrong format. You will post your entry as a PDF. If you don’t, it doesn’t count.

With the blog assignment, you’ll receive an A (50 points) if you do the assignment correctly and thoroughly. You’ll receive partial credit (20 points) if you do the minimum work required or your document is packed with typos. You’ll receive a 0 if you don’t turn in the assignment on time or you post the document in the wrong format.

Here’s how I will evaluate your media blog post:

50 points – The blog entry is clearly written and organized. It shows careful thought and analysis. It answers the questions outlined for the assignment directions. It shows creativity and originality. Anyone reading this blog would find it informative and entertaining. There are no grammar and spelling mistakes. Work is posted on time.

20 points – The blog entry is posted on time, but it is not well organized or well written. It’s too brief and it’s thoughtless. The blog entry did not adequately answer the questions in the assignment. There are numerous spelling and grammar errors. There wasn’t much effort put into the assignment; the student did the minimum required and nothing more. Anyone reading this blog would find it boring and uninformative.

0 points – The student did not turn in the work on time or did not present original work. Or, those who don’t read this and post in a document form other than a PDF. (Yes, multiple students do this every semester. Will it be you?)

It can take up to two to three weeks to read all of these entries and record your grades, so be chill. Please.
You will also complete a pre and post-test for the course. It’s KU’s way of seeing if you learned anything that meets the KU Core standard this class is supposed to meet. **Completion of each test is worth 10 points.** You can’t fail these tests, so consider this an easy point score - only because it is.

**Here’s how all your grades will be calculated for J101:**

Media blog post—50 points possible  
Course pretest and posttest for the KU Core – 20 points  
Exam 1—100 points possible  
Exam 2—100 points possible  
Exam 3—100 points possible  
Attendance—30 points possible

Yes, indeed, I have an attendance policy. You will use the **Top Hat app** to sign into class.

To avoid the nonsense associated with “excused” and “unexcused” absences, know that **you have three free absences.** Use your freebies for sleeping, court dates, funerals, altered states, sick days or when you leave campus and just don’t want to come back for class. I don’t have to know why you aren’t in class (except if you have to miss an exam). If you are sick, don’t bring me a doctor’s note and expect me to give you an “excused” absence. It’s just one of your absences.

**If you are sick enough to miss multiple class days, contact the AAAC office and ask counselors there to intervene on your behalf.**

There’s a process. Respect it. I will.

**If you use a fourth absence, your attendance grade will drop to 0. You will lose all your attendance points.** Attendance with Top Hat is all-or-nothing. You don’t earn partial points for missing more than three classes.

Tardies count, too. Calculate that three late arrivals equal one absence.

If you have some sort of catastrophic occurrence that alters the course of your academics, I will work with you to figure out how best to deal with J101. This includes multiple days in the hospital or a life event that requires you to miss weeks of school. Again, contact the AAAC.

**Don’t wait until the end of the semester** and plead that forgiveness should be retroactive. It won’t be.
How I’ll report your grades

Grades give you feedback on your progress in J101. Remember, grades are earned, not given.

Research suggests a correlation between class attendance and good grades, so attend class if you want to do well. I will make every effort to keep an accurate record of your grades and to post your test scores quickly. A computer scores the test; usually it takes the testing center about 48 hours to return the test scores to me. I’ll post all grades on the course BB site (only you can see your grade), and the computer will calculate your final grade for you.

Although you will receive numerical grades on your blog and exams, your final grade for this class will be a letter grade. Here is how the numbers translate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Numerical Grade</th>
<th>Letter Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>93 – 100</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87 – 89</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 – 82</td>
<td>B-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73 – 76</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67 – 69</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 – 62</td>
<td>D-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59 or below</td>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students often ask questions about “rounding up” grades—that is, if the final grade contains a fraction, students want to know what happens. Nothing happens. There has to be a line somewhere.

I don’t round up. I don’t grade on a curve.

If, after your first (or second) exam, you’re worried, sign up to do a hot topic presentation for extra credit. That may help your close-but-not grade at the end of the semester.

If a grade is posted incorrectly—it sometimes happens in a class this large—or if a grade isn’t recorded, let me know as soon as possible.

Don’t wait until the end of the semester. Definitely don’t wait until the final grades have been posted, and everyone has gone home for break.
A word about your mom and dad

This is college and your grades are your responsibility. You – not your parents – need to take care of business in this class. Should you not get the grades you want, I suggest using the following checklist:

1) Did you show up for class, awake, alert and ready to learn?
2) Did you pay attention in class? Really? Or did you just scroll and text?
3) Did you take notes? You know, real, comprehensible notes?
4) Did you study for several hours a week (at least) outside of class?
5) Did you take care on the assignments? Did you submit them on deadline and correctly?
6) Did you work ahead in class; not waiting until the last minute to do assignments or ask for assistance?
7) Did you keep track of your attendance, to ensure its accuracy?

I will be happy to talk with you about your performance in class and the class material, BUT – I don’t do parent-teacher conferences. Please do not have your parents call or write me.

I will not talk with them concerning your performance or grades in the class, with or without your permission.

How you’ll get extra credit

The only way to get extra credit in J101 is to earn it. You can do that one of two ways. You can’t do both, so choose wisely.

1) Hot topic: You may earn as much as 10 points extra credit by presenting on a current topic. You will find a more detailed description of this extra credit assignment on Blackboard under Course Documents. In semesters past, students presented on their views of celebrity culture, hip-hop, gaming, social justice in the media, children and food marketing, the pros and cons of social media platforms, the Mandela Effect, how men/women/age groups are portrayed in the media, and generational cohort media consumption. You get the idea. It’s what sparks you as interesting and connected to media.

I do have limitations: If the K family and the Triple Bs got together on Tinder and then went over to Tom Brady’s house to Netflix and chill, that would be the worst, overdone hot topic of all eternity.

2) Research experiment: You can earn 15 points if you assist with a doctoral student’s research project. I will provide more details early in the semester.
Who'll lead the class

The teaching team is:

Kerry Benson
Strategic Communication Chair (Journalism)
209C Stauffer Flint Hall
benson@ku.edu

John Watson
GTA (Journalism)
113 Stauffer-Flint Hall
johnwatson@ku.edu

Feel free to contact us if you have questions or problems. Email is best. If you’re going to email one of us and you want a response, you might want to read the “how to” document on Blackboard.

You can also visit us during our office hours or make an appointment:

KB office hours: Tuesdays, 11 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. / Thursdays, 12:30 to 1:30 p.m.
JW office hours: (JW will post to Blackboard)

How you’ll demonstrate professional behavior

Most of you are going to college because you want to get a good job. In the School of Journalism and Mass Communications, we want to prepare you as well as we can. That’s why in all your journalism classes there is an emphasis on professional behavior.

Professional behavior means that your actions in the classroom mirror your actions in the workplace. As your professor, my responsibility is to create an environment for students who want to learn. Help me help you.

- Attend class. Any materials from class—including discussions, comments from guest speakers, and audio/video clips—may be included on the exam. If you don’t come to class, talk with a fellow student about what you missed. Try to avoid disrupting class by wandering in late. We will judge.

- Don’t go into text message overdrive while in class. An entire class period spent on your phone is 75 minutes you won’t get back. And you’ll fail.

- You’re trying to balance academics with a social life and maybe a job. It’s a lot of pressure, and it can be exhausting. I sympathize with the demands on your time. However, when you come to class, stay frosty. Don’t use class time for naps. Seriously, go find a bed – or at least a sofa.

- If you’re going to take notes on your laptop, sit somewhere where a ton of students behind you don’t see your desktop – or judge those outfits you put into your shopping cart while you pretend to take notes. And just stop with the cat videos. You know who you are.
You cannot be two places at once. If you have a job that conflicts with class, you need to drop this class. Don’t leave class early to get to your job or the bus.

Please don’t work on other assignments while you’re in J101. You may think it’s multi-tasking, but I consider it rude. (Because it is rude.)

Many of you will try to game the attendance system. Because...college. Know this: If I find how and with whom, I will consider it cheating. Ugh.

How you can seriously blow your grade: Plagiarism and fabrication

In this class, and in all journalism classes, honesty and integrity are critical. Any work you do must be original and reflect your own ideas, thoughts, and research. In a work setting, if you choose to violate professional standards, you will be fired. In this class, if you choose to violate the standards for academic integrity, you’ll fail the course, and you may be expelled from or denied admission to the School of Journalism. Here is the journalism school’s official policy statement:

“The William Allen White School of Journalism and Mass Communications does not tolerate plagiarism, fabrication of evidence and falsification of evidence.

“In this course, the penalty for plagiarism, fabrication or falsification is a failing grade for the semester. Additional penalties can include expulsion from the School of Journalism. If you have questions about what constitutes plagiarism, fabrication or falsification, please consult the professor of this course.”

The KU University Senate defines plagiarism as “knowingly presenting the work of another as one’s own (i.e., without proper acknowledgment of the source). The sole exception to the requirement of acknowledging sources is when the information or ideas are common knowledge.” The University defines fabrication and falsification as “unauthorized alteration or invention of any information or citation in an academic exercise.”

Here’s some clarification:

If you use or attempt to use any unauthorized materials during a test, or if you give any unauthorized materials to someone else during a test, this is cheating. Unauthorized materials include written materials, such as notes. Unauthorized materials include any forms of nonverbal communication (one cough, the answer is A; two coughs, the answer is B, etc.).

Plagiarism is stealing. You take someone else’s ideas, thoughts, or words, and you present them as your own original work.
This includes taking ideas from written sources, such as books, as well as materials on the Internet. Cutting and pasting materials from the Internet and presenting that work as if it was your own in the course blog is plagiarism. There may be times when you want to incorporate another person’s ideas, opinions, and words into the blogs you write to make a point or to provide background. If you do, it is essential that you attribute that information—that you explain where the information came from and give credit where credit is due.

Fabrication and falsification mean that you made it up. This can include making up an entire interview or embellishing a fact, quote, or statistic in the blog to make it sound better. Don’t do it.

We will discuss these issues further in class. Questions? Contact me.

Here’s my official policy statement: Don’t cheat. You know what cheating is and you have known since about third grade.

What’s also boring, but important to note

Journalism School Policy on Classroom Attendance:

No student may add a journalism class after the 20th day of a semester.

Students must attend their classes and laboratory periods. Instructors may take attendance into account in assessing a student’s performance and may require a certain level of attendance for passing a course. **Instructors may choose to drop students from a course, based on attendance, without consent.**

The School of Journalism reserves the right to **cancel the enrollment of students who fail to attend the first class** or laboratory meeting.

The KU Office of Student Financial Aid is required by federal law to determine whether students who receive aid are attending each class in which they are enrolled. Instructors are required to report to that office absences of students who have stopped attending and names of those who have enrolled but never have attended. Students who do not attend classes may be required to repay federal and/or state financial aid.
Copying or Recording - Course materials prepared by the instructor, as well as content of all lectures presented by the instructor, are the instructor's property. Video/audio recording of lectures is prohibited if I don’t give consent.

On request, the instructor usually will permit students to record lectures, on the condition that the individual making the recording only uses such recordings as a study aid. Unless the instructor gives explicit permission, recordings of lectures may not be modified and must not be transferred or transmitted to any other person, whether or not that individual is enrolled in the course.

Where you’ll find course materials

I will use the course Blackboard site to keep you up-to-date on class activities. I’ll post a copy of the syllabus and class reading assignments on Blackboard, and I (or John) will post grades there as well. You will upload your blog assignment to this site. Occasionally, I may post news articles or links to articles that class members think are interesting. If you have an article, video, or idea you’d like to share, you can send it to me to post on Blackboard. Please let me know immediately if you have problems accessing Blackboard.

Where to go if you have special learning needs – or your life just goes to...during the semester

If you have a problem or concern that may affect your learning, contact the AAAC so the folks there can work with you and me toward your success in J101. **Student Access Services**, part of the Academic Achievement & Access Center, works with all units to help students with disabilities - be they physical, medical, sensory, psychological, or related to attention or learning.

**The Office of the Vice Provost for Student Success** coordinates the University response to campus and individual student emergencies. The Office of the Vice Provost is also the contact when students are involved in a serious incident away from the Lawrence campus. The Office will offer information, counseling, and support to students, their families and others affected by the incident.

To report an extended illness or accident that keeps you away from class, contact the **Academic Achievement and Access Center** at (785) 864-4064, [www.achievement.ku.edu](http://www.achievement.ku.edu). AAAC counselors will talk with parents or guardians and pass any details I need to know along to me.
**Gun policy:** Individuals who choose to carry concealed handguns are solely responsible to do so in a safe and secure manner in strict conformity with state and federal laws and KU weapons policy.

Safety measures outlined in the KU weapons policy specify that a concealed handgun:

- Must be under the constant control of the carrier.
- Must be out of view, concealed either on the body of the carrier, or backpack, purse, or bag that remains under the carrier’s custody and control.
- Must be in a holster that covers the trigger area and secures any external hammer in an un-cocked position
- Must have the safety on, and have no round in the chamber.

**Tests and guns**

Instructors are allowed by Kansas Board of Regents policy, to require backpacks, purses and other bags be placed in an area not directly next to students during exams, and as such those items will not be under the constant control of the individual. Students who choose to carry a concealed handgun in a purse, backpack, or bag must review and plan each day accordingly, and are responsible for making alternate arrangements as necessary. The university does not provide appropriate secured storage for concealed handguns.

Individuals who violate the KU weapons policy may be asked to leave campus with the weapon and may face disciplinary action under the appropriate university code of conduct.

**I reserve the right to alter this semester’s schedule** as I see fit to help your particular class learn. I will advise you of changes in class or by email - to help you prepare accordingly.